



STUDENT \_\_\_\_\_ GROUP \_\_\_\_\_

INSTRUCTOR \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

## Math Lab Lesson #3 Classwork:

### Compound Interest

#### WHAT TO DO:

- Watch the video and take notes on this Classwork sheet
- Pause and repeat any parts of the video that you want to review again. It's not a race!
- Answer any questions embedded in the video
- After watching the video, complete the Practice Problems.
- Create one or two flashcards that relate to what you learned from the video and the Practice Problems.
- Then, go to the next video and repeat!

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#### ★ Video: Exponential Growth I (HW Help #4)

#### Simple Compound Interest Example



The general exponential model is

★ Immediately after Bassourou buys a car, it begins to depreciate in value.

The value of a car,  $V$  (in thousands of dollars),  $k$  years after you buy it is given by the function:



$$V(k) = 22(0.87)^k$$

a) What do the number **22** and **0.87** represent in this situation?

b) What will the value of the car be in 5 years?

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★ Write an equation to represent the following situation:

You invest **\$9,000** in the stock market and get a **7.25%** annual rate of return. After **30** years, your stocks are worth  $K$  dollars.







## 2. Aging superstar

- a) The number of points-per-game of an aging NBA star has decreased by 20% per year for three straight years. By what **total percent** has it decreased during this time?



- b) In 2009, at the start of the player's decline, he scored 34.9 points-per-game. Find an equation showing the aging star's points-per-game,  $P$ , as a function the number of years,  $t$ , since 2009.

- c) If this trend continues, how many point-per-game would this player average during the 2016 season?

**STOP: DID YOU MAKE YOUR FLASHCARDS?**





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★ Video: Exponential Growth II (HW Help #5)

Three Models of Exponential Growth

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★ **Example:** Drew has \$500 to invest and is trying to decide between four banks that each offer a different rate of return. For each bank, write a formula for the total amount of money that Drew will have  $t$  years after she invests her money.

1. Grows at an annual rate of 12% per year
2. Grows at a rate of 12% per year, compounded quarterly
3. Grows at a continuous annual rate of 12% per year
4. Grows by \$12 per year

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➔ **Practice Problems: Exponential Growth II**

1. **Tree Growth**

Two Redwood trees are 75 feet tall and both grow continuously at an annual rate of 4.25%. Tree A grows for 35 years and then dies, and Tree B grows for twice as long and then dies.

How much taller did Tree B get than Tree A?



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2. a) A population of 3,300 bacteria **increases** by 40% continuously every week. Write the model that represents how many bacteria there are after **one week**?



b) Another population of 3,300 bacteria **decreases** by 40% continuously every week. Write the model that represents how many bacteria there are after **three weeks**?



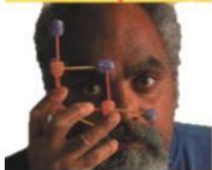
3. Match the description on the left with the mathematical model on the right.

**NOTE: Three models cannot be matched.**

| <u>Description</u>  | <u>Model</u>  |
|---|---|
| I put \$1,200 in a bank account that pays 1.25% annual interest, and left it there for 3 years  | $1200(1 + 0.0125)^3$                                |
| A population of 1200 ants grows continuously at an annual rate of 1.25% over 3 years.   | $1200(1 + 1.0125)^3$                                |
| I put \$1,200 in a bank account that pays 1.25% annual interest compounded monthly (twelve times every year), and left it there for 3 years | $1200e^{(0.0125)(5)}$                               |
| I put \$1,200 in a bank account that pays 1.25% annual interest compounded monthly (twelve times every year), and left it there for 3 years | $1200 \left(1 + \frac{1.25}{12}\right)^{(3)(12)}$   |
| I put \$1,200 in a bank account that pays 1.25% annual interest compounded monthly (twelve times every year), and left it there for 3 years | $1200e^{(1+0.0125)(3)}$                             |
| I put \$1,200 in a bank account that pays 1.25% annual interest compounded monthly (twelve times every year), and left it there for 3 years | $1200 \left(1 + \frac{0.0125}{12}\right)^{(3)(12)}$ |

**STOP: DID YOU MAKE YOUR FLASHCARDS?**





**BOSS LEVEL**

1. The graphs below show a \$1000 deposit with 20% annual interest over four different compounding frequencies: annual, quarterly, monthly, and continuously. Which graph represent which compounding frequency? How do you know?

